

# MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR $\mu$ PA1871

# N-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR FOR SWITCHING

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The  $\mu$ PA1871 is a switching device which can be driven directly by a 2.5-V power source.

The  $\mu$ PA1871 features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, and is suitable for applications such as power switch of portable machine and so on.

#### **FEATURES**

- Can be driven by a 2.5-V power source
- · Low on-state resistance

RDS(on)1 = 26.0 m $\Omega$  MAX. (VGS = 4.5 V, ID = 3.0 A)

 $R_{DS(on)2}$  = 27.0  $m\Omega$  MAX. (Vgs = 4.0 V, Ip = 3.0 A)

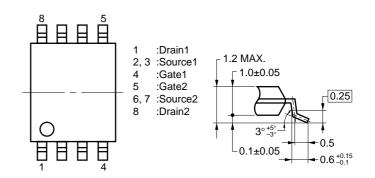
RDS(on)3 = 38.0 m $\Omega$  MAX. (VGS = 2.5 V, ID = 3.0 A)

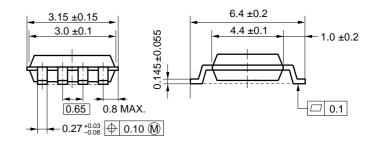
· Built-in G-S protection diode against ESD

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
μ PA1871GR-9JG	Power TSSOP8

## PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

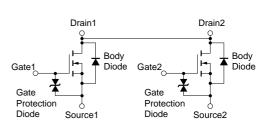




#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage	VDSS	30	V
Gate to Source Voltage	Vgss	±12	V
Drain Current (DC)	I <sub>D(DC)</sub>	±6.0	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	±80	Α
Total Power Dissipation Note2	Рт	2.0	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C

#### **EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT**



- **Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  1%
  - 2. Mounted on ceramic substrate of 50 cm<sup>2</sup> x 1.1 mm

# **Remark** The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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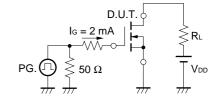
# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)**

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	Vps = 30 V, Vgs = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	lgss	Vgs = ±12 V, Vps = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate Cut-off Voltage	VGS(off)	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA	0.5	1.0	1.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V <sub>DS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.0 A	5			S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)1	Vgs = 4.5 V, ID = 3.0 A	15.0	20.5	26.0	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	Vgs = 4.0 V, ID = 3.0 A	16.0	21.5	27.0	mΩ
	RDS(on)3	Vgs = 2.5 V, ID = 3.0 A	21.0	27.8	38.0	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>D</sub> S = 10 V		930		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V <sub>G</sub> S = 0 V		220		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		105		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.0 A		55		ns
Rise Time	tr	V <sub>GS(on)</sub> = 4.0 V		180		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	$R_G = 10 \Omega$		260		ns
Fall Time	tf			230		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q <sub>G</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 24 V		9		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	Vgs = 4.0 V		2		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q <sub>GD</sub>	ID = 6.0 A		4		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	VF(S-D)	IF = 6.0 A, VGS = 0 V		0.80		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 6.0 A, Vgs = 0 V		180		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 50 A / μs		120		nC

#### **TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME**

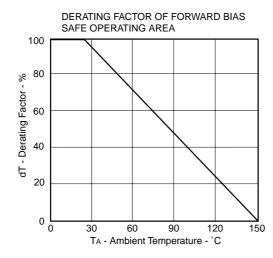
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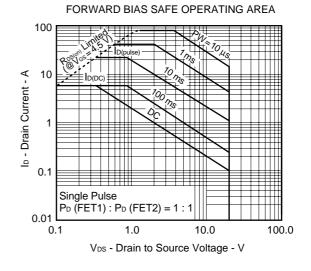
# TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE

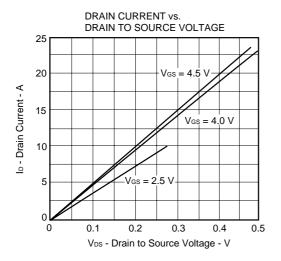


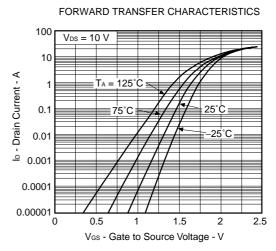
Duty Cycle ≤ 1%

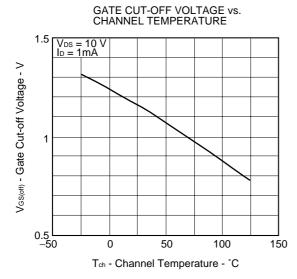
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

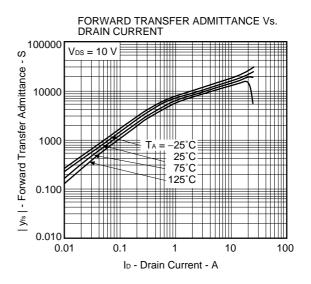






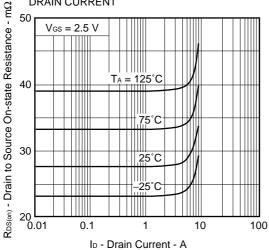




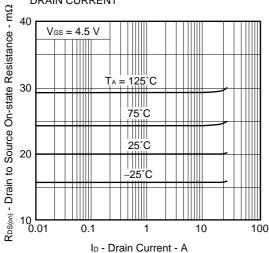


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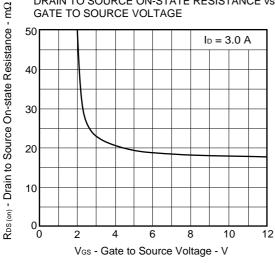
#### DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. **DRAIN CURRENT**



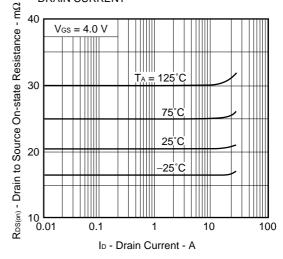
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



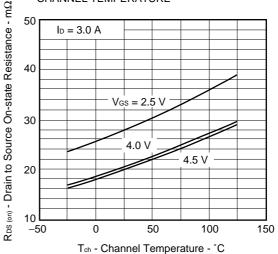
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

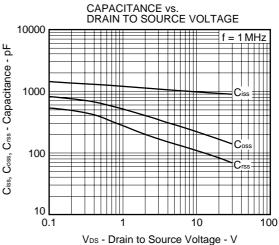


DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

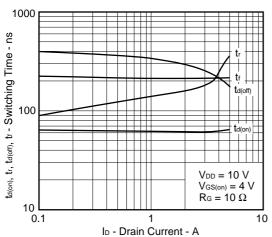


DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

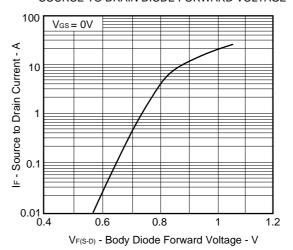




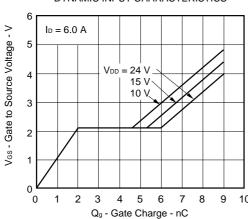
#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



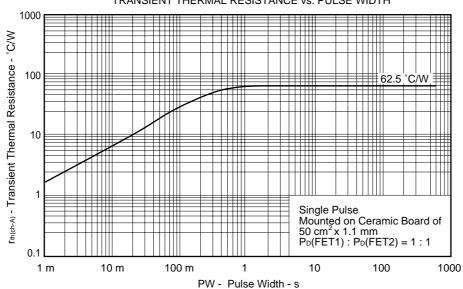
#### SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



#### DYNAMIC INPUT CHARACTERISTICS



## TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



[MEMO]

[MEMO]

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